

NEWS AND NOTES  
PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS  
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The committee in charge of the program for the annual meeting of the American Political Science Association at Pittsburgh, December 27-29, has prepared the following tentative program: two sessions will deal with present problems of state government, including nominations and primary elections, and the reorganization of state administration; a third session will be devoted to present problems of the national government, including the question of centralization versus decentralization, and the question of ministerial responsibility versus the separation of powers; a fourth session will discuss the conditions on which the United States should enter a world organization for the maintenance of peace; a fifth session will be given to pending Far Eastern questions; and the sixth session will deal with Latin American questions. In addition to the joint session with the American Economic Association at which the presidential addresses will be given, a second joint session may be arranged to discuss questions of common interest, such as taxation problems, the economic interpretation of the fourteenth amendment, or international aspects of the tariff problem. Three round-table conferences are planned, one to discuss the report of the committee on the teaching of civics in high schools, and the other two to consider problems of college teaching, with special reference to constitutional law and international law.

In accordance with a resolution adopted during the last annual meeting, and with the approval of the executive council, the program committee has planned to have but one principal paper at each session, with the object both of concentrating attention upon questions of present political importance and of making possible the expression of views by a much larger number of the members of the association. It is desired that the principal paper be presented in spoken form and that the speaker arrange to have several other persons follow his address with a discussion of certain phases of the subject specially assigned to

them. Following this prearranged discussion, which may be regarded as a sort of committee report upon the subject, the question will be open for general discussion from the floor. The committee hopes that by this means a more active interest may be developed in the several sessions, and that at the same time the members of the association may be drawn more closely together by informal exchange of views. Obviously the success of the plan will depend in large part upon the coöperation of a large number of the members of the association in the discussion of questions which have been selected as being in the center of public thought at the present moment.

Mr. Edward Porritt, an English journalist long resident in America, and author of several notable books in the field of political science, died on October 8. Mr. Porritt was a vice-president of the American Political Science Association in 1918 and 1919.

Professor James W. Garner of the University of Illinois has been appointed to the Tagore professorship of law at the University of Calcutta, for the year 1922-23, for a course of lectures on the development of international law in the nineteenth century.

Dr. Blaine F. Moore, professor of political science at the University of Kansas, was employed during the summer as an expert by the United States tariff commission. Professor Moore's work pertained to problems of foreign tariffs.

Professor Edward S. Corwin, of Princeton University, has returned from a half-year of travel and research in England and on the continent.

Baron S. A. Korff has accepted a professorship of political science in the Foreign Service School of Georgetown University, Washington, D. C. He will give courses on modern European history, Russian history, science of government, and history of diplomatic usages and procedure.

After a year spent with the bureau of efficiency in Washington, Professor Victor J. West has returned to his position at Stanford University.

Professor Robert Leigh, formerly of Reed College, has taken charge of the undergraduate work in government in Barnard College.

Dr. Ralph S. Boots, of Columbia University, has been appointed assistant professor of municipal government at the University of Nebraska. Miss Luella Gettys has been appointed instructor in government at the same institution.

Professor Robert C. Brooks, of Swarthmore College, gave two courses in government at the summer session of Cornell University.

Mr. Malbone W. Graham has been appointed instructor in political science at the University of Missouri.

Professor Henry Jones Ford has resumed teaching at Princeton University. Dr. William S. Carpenter has been promoted to an assistant professorship of history and politics, and Mr. Kenneth Brown, a graduate of the Harvard Law School, has been made an instructor, in the same institution.

Dr. William Anderson and Dr. Quincy Wright have been promoted to the rank of associate professor at the University of Minnesota. Dr. Wright has been granted leave of absence for the autumn quarter to work in the naval intelligence office at Washington during the conference on the limitation of armaments. Mr. Forrest R. Black has been appointed instructor in political science for the year, and will give courses in place of Professor Quigley, who is in the Far East on leave of absence. Mr. Morris B. Lambie has been appointed secretary of the municipal reference bureau and assistant professor in the department of political science, where he will offer courses in public administration.

After a year spent in the Orient studying contemporary political conditions and problems, Dr. Sudhindra Bose has returned to the University of Iowa and has resumed his work as lecturer in oriental politics.

Mr. Magnus Nodtvedt has been appointed instructor in political science at the University of Iowa. Other recent appointments in political science at this institution are: Mr. Jacob Van Ek, Miss Mildred Sharp, and Miss Florence Fisher, graduate assistants.

Professor Raymond G. Gettell, of Amherst College, is conducting the graduate seminar in international relations at Clark University during

the absence of Professor George H. Blakeslee, who is engaged at Washington in the work of the conference on the limitation of armaments.

Mr. John A. Tillema and Mr. Earle W. Ketcham have been appointed as assistants in political science at the University of Illinois.

Professor John A. Fairlie, of the University of Illinois, was engaged during the summer at the Institute of Government Research at Washington, D. C., on a study of the financial administration of the United States.

John Bassett Moore, for twenty years professor of international law and diplomacy at Columbia University, was chosen by the Council and Assembly of the League of Nations in September to be one of the eleven members of the international court of justice. Professor Moore has had a long and varied career in the public service. He was a law clerk in the department of state in 1885, assistant secretary of state from 1886 to 1891, assistant secretary of state in 1898, secretary and counsel of the Spanish-American peace commission in 1898, and counselor of the state department in 1914. He has been a member of the permanent court at The Hague since 1914 and is vice chairman of the international high commission organized at the Pan-American financial conference in 1915. The remaining members of the court are Viscount Robert B. Finlay, of Great Britain; Charles André Weiss, of France; Dionisio Anzilotti, of Italy; Rafael Altamira y Gravea, of Spain; Senator Ruy Barbosa, of Brazil; Antonio de Bustamente, of Cuba; Max Huber, of Switzerland; B. C. J. Loder, of the Netherlands; Didrik Galtrup Gjedde Nyholm, Denmark; and Yoruzo Oda, Japan. The court will sit at The Hague, and it is hoped that it can be organized early in 1922.

Professor Thomas H. Reed, of the University of California, after teaching in the summer session at Columbia, has gone to Europe, where he will spend his sabbatical year in the study of political conditions, mainly in France and England. His courses in municipal government are being given by Mr. Paul Eliel, prominent in the civic life of San Francisco. The political science department has been strengthened by the addition of Professor F. J. Teggart, who will give courses in theory and social institutions; Samuel C. May, who comes from Dartmouth as assistant professor of public administration, and who is

spending the first half year abroad; Dr. F. E. Hinckley, of the school of jurisprudence, who is lecturing on Far Eastern relations; and F. M. Russell, who comes from Stanford as lecturer and gives course in international coöperation. During the first half-year F. W. Hirst, the English economist, lectures on certain features of parliamentary life in the United Kingdom. President Barrows conducts a seminar in international relations and gives a course in comparative government. In view of the fact that the department contemplates a steady expansion of interest in foreign relations, a bureau devoted to that field, under the direction of Dr. A. W. Mah, is accumulating materials for research.

At an election held on August 2, the voters of Missouri by a large majority declared for a constitutional convention. The governor will issue a call for the election of delegates to the convention, and the election will probably be held in January, 1922. The convention will meet, on a date to be fixed by the governor, within six months of the date of election of delegates.

A regional conference on town and county administration was held at Chapel Hill, N. C., September 19-21, under the auspices of the University of North Carolina and the National Municipal League, with the coöperation of other North Carolina organizations. In addition to the general meetings, special sessions dealt with problems of municipal finance, municipal administration, county administration and town and county.

The annual meeting of the Academy of Political Science, held at the Hotel Astor, New York, on November 4 and 5, was devoted to the subject of constructive experiments in industrial coöperation between employers and employees. The speakers included many representatives of important industrial establishments and of national and state labor bureaus and boards.