

INSTRUCTIONS TO AUTHORS

Preparation of the manuscript

The entire manuscript, including footnotes and references, should be typed double-spaced on 8½ by 11 inch or A4 paper, with margins set to accommodate approximately 70 characters per line and 25 lines per page, and should not exceed 50 typed pages. Each element of the article or note should begin on a new page and should be arranged as follows: title page (including title, short title, author's full name and affiliation, including mailing address), abstract, text with tables interspersed as they occur, appendixes, acknowledgements, footnotes, references (including reference notes for unpublished citations), captions and figures. Each table and figure should be submitted on a separate page. Manuscript pages should be numbered consecutively.

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Full length articles (original research, theoretical or methodological studies, literature reviews) should not exceed 14,000 words. Shorter notes may be, for instance, reports of work in progress or critical responses to articles or notes previously published in *Applied Psycholinguistics*.

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should be consistent within each article and each note, and should follow the style recommended in the latest edition of the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association*. A title should be given for each article and note. An *auxiliary short title* should be given for any article or note whose title exceeds 50 characters. The *author's name* should be given in the form preferred for publication; the *affiliation* should include the author's full mailing address. An *abstract* should be prepared for each article (limited to 120 words) and note (limited to 60 words). *Tables and figures* (which comprise photographs, charts or other artwork) should be numbered consecutively throughout the article or note. *Bibliographic citations in the text* must include the author's last name and the date of publication and may include page references. Complete bibliographic information for each citation should be included in the list of references. Examples of correct styling for bibliographic citations are: Brown (1973), Ingram (1976, 54–55), Smith and Miller (1966), (Smith & Miller, 1966), (Peterson, Danner & Flavell, 1972) and subsequently (Peterson et al., 1972). *References* should be typed in alphabetical order using the style of the following examples: Brown, R. Schizophrenia, language and reality.

American Psychologist, 1973, 28, 395–403.
Ingram, D. *Phonological disability in children*. New York: Elsevier, 1976.

Krashen, S.D. Individual variation in the use of the Monitor. In W.C. Ritchie (Ed.), *Second language acquisition research*. New York: Academic Press, 1978.

Smith, F., & Miller, G.A. (Eds.), *The genesis of language*. Cambridge, Mass.: M.I.T. Press, 1966.

Titles of journals should *not* be abbreviated.

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