

NEWS AND NOTES

PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

Compiled by the Managing Editor

The thirty-third annual meeting of the American Political Science Association will be held at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, December 27 to 29 inclusive. By earlier decision of the Association, predominant attention will be given at this meeting to the Constitution of the United States, in recognition of the sesquicentennial of the Convention of 1787. However, round tables for the morning periods will provide the usual variety of topics for members whose primary interests lie in other fields of political science. These round tables, with their leaders, will be as follows: (1) "The Future of the Federal System," W. B. Graves, Temple University; (2) "Political Trends in Europe," C. B. Robson, University of North Carolina; (3) "Training for the Public Service," D. G. Stone, Public Administration Service; (4) "The Far East," J. R. Hayden, University of Michigan; (5) "Changing the Constitution," W. F. Dodd, Chicago, Illinois; (6) "Present Tendencies in Political Parties in the United States," A. R. Hatton, Northwestern University; (7) "National Administrative Organization," Lloyd M. Short, University of Minnesota; (8) "The Government and Labor Relations," Ford P. Hall, University of Indiana; (9) "Teaching Problems in Political Science," Don Hudson, Northwest Missouri State Teachers' College; and (10) "The Constitution and Foreign Affairs," D. F. Fleming, Vanderbilt University. The three noon luncheon sessions and the three general sessions, on Monday afternoon, Tuesday afternoon, and Tuesday evening, will be devoted to the discussion of constitutional questions. Addresses will be given by well-known constitutional authorities drawn from the membership of the Association and from outside. Professor Powell's presidential address is scheduled for Tuesday evening.

By appointment of President Powell, the committee to nominate officers of the American Political Science Association for the year 1938 will be as follows: Finla G. Crawford, Syracuse University, chairman; Orrin C. Hormell, Bowdoin College; Charles E. Martin, University of Washington; Harold S. Quigley, University of Minnesota; and Russell M. Story, Pomona College.

After three years as a member of the U. S. Civil Service Commission, Dr. Leonard D. White resigned in June in order to return to his professorship of public administration at the University of Chicago.

Professor Kenneth Colegrove, of Northwestern University, taught in the recent summer session of the University of California at Berkeley.

Professor Francis W. Coker, of Yale University, gave courses at Northwestern University during the recent summer session.

Professor Graham H. Stuart, of Stanford University, taught in the recent summer session at New York University.

Mr. Ray L. Thurston, who received his doctorate at the University of Wisconsin in June, has been appointed vice-consul at Toronto, Canada.

Dr. Egbert S. Wengert, instructor in political science at the University of Wisconsin, has accepted a position at Wayne University and will devote half of his time to the Detroit Bureau of Government Research.

Dr. Arnold Tilden, of the University of Southern California, has been appointed instructor in political science at Arizona State Teachers' College.

Professor J. A. C. Grant, of the University of California at Los Angeles, taught during the summer session in the department of political science at Berkeley.

Dr. Henry F. Angus, head of the department of political science and economics at the University of British Columbia, served as professor of political science at Stanford University during the past summer.

Professor Hugh McD. Clokie, of Stanford University, has been granted sabbatical leave for the year 1937-38.

Messrs. J. William Robinson and Walter T. Bogart, of Stanford University, have been appointed instructors in political science at Purdue University and Middlebury College, respectively. Miss Victoria Schuck has accepted an assistant professorship at the Florida State College for Women.

Dr. Thomas C. Geary, who recently completed his graduate work at the University of Iowa, has been appointed assistant professor of political science at the University of South Dakota.

Professor Everett S. Brown, of the University of Michigan, has been granted sabbatical leave for the next academic year, which he will spend in travel abroad.

Professor Frederick H. Guild, while continuing as director of research for the Kansas Legislative Council, will return to the University of Kansas this fall to teach one course in the department of political science during each semester. Dr. Walter Sandelius will continue as acting chairman of the department.

Professor Bertram W. Maxwell, of Washburn College, will spend the

coming academic year in Geneva, Switzerland, working on a manuscript on international relations.

Mr. Harry W. Marsh, formerly on the staff of the National Civil Service Reform League and first deputy of public welfare for the City of New York since 1934, has been appointed director of the newly established Connecticut department of personnel.

Aided by a grant from the faculty research fund, Professor Howard B. Calderwood, of the University of Michigan, is spending the summer in Geneva, studying the Secretariat of the League of Nations.

Mr. Grover Clark, formerly a member of the faculty of the National University of Peiping and lecturer at Columbia University, and known to students of international relations for his writings on China, has been appointed professor of economics at the University of Denver.

Dr. Walter H. C. Laves has resigned as James S. Sherman professor of political science at Hamilton College and will continue his work as director of the Midwest Office of the League of Nations Association in Chicago. He has been appointed lecturer in political science at the University of Chicago for the year 1937-38.

At the University of Washington, Dr. Linden A. Mander has been promoted to a full professorship and Dr. Maxim von Brevern to an assistant professorship.

After spending the past year as a forum leader in the public forums of California and Seattle, sponsored by the U. S. Office of Education as experiments in adult civic education, Dr. John B. Mason has joined the social science department of the Santa Ana Junior College, Santa Ana, California. In his new position, he will continue his work as a forum leader in the Orange county (California) public forums.

Mr. Fordyce Luikart, of Syracuse University, has been appointed assistant professor of social science at the Brockport State Normal School, Brockport, N.Y.

Mr. David M. French, formerly of Western Reserve University, has been appointed instructor in political science at the University of Michigan.

Mr. Floyd McCaffree has been awarded a Michigan-Brookings fellowship to enable him to complete his work on "Nomination and Confirmation of Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States."

On June 12, Dr. Roderick Lewis Carleton, associate professor of political science and head of the department at Louisiana State University,

died from the results of an automobile accident. He was a graduate of Louisiana State University and did his graduate work at the University of Illinois, with interest primarily in the field of local government. During the past year he served as director of a newly created bureau of governmental research at his institution.

An informally organized group known as the Connecticut Valley Conference of Political Scientists held its annual meeting at Dartmouth College on May 22, with addresses by Professor Karl Loewenstein, of Amherst College, on "Legislative Control of Fascism in Contemporary Europe," and Frederick L. Schuman, of Williams College, on "Leon Trotsky, Renegade or Martyr?"

At the Seventh Institute of Foreign Affairs held at Earlham College, Richmond, Indiana, May 13-15, addresses were delivered and round tables led by Professors Arthur N. Holcombe, of Harvard University, on Far Eastern affairs, and Philip C. Jessup, of Columbia University, on neutrality, and by Hon. Green H. Hackworth, legal adviser to the Department of State, also on neutrality.

Plans for the new Graduate School of Public Administration at Harvard have been further developed as a result of a series of conferences during the spring between members of the School's faculty and some seventy-five public officials. It has been determined to postpone formal opening of the School until the autumn of 1938, to continue in the meantime the present task of exploration, and so to shape the School's future work as to focus attention primarily upon persons already in government employ. The dean of the School will be Professor John H. Williams, at present professor of political economy at Harvard and vice-president of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

The Lucius N. Littauer Foundation has granted \$100,000 to the permanent endowment of the Graduate Faculty of Political and Social Science, composed largely of German and Italian scholars exiled by the Hitler and Mussolini régimes, and popularly known as the University in Exile. The Faculty, which is housed with the New School for Social Research, New York City, has recently been giving instruction to no fewer than 274 graduates of American colleges and universities.

Hon. Frank B. Kellogg has given Carleton College, at Northfield, Minnesota, the sum of \$500,000 to be used in establishing and maintaining a "foundation for education in international relations." In addition to four scholarships for foreign students at Carleton and two for Carleton students abroad, the fund will provide for a special instructional staff of two full-time professors, with also one half-time professor from a foreign

country. One full-time member of the staff will spend one semester each year visiting other countries.

Under the direction of Dr. W. Ballentine Henley, acting dean of the School of Government, the ninth annual session of the Institute of Government was held at the University of Southern California, June 14-18. The program covered a very wide range of topics, with emphasis upon governmental functions. Among persons from elsewhere taking part in the proceedings were Mr. Sanford Bates, former director of the federal bureau of prisons; Professor Henry M. Busch, of Western Reserve University; Mr. Carl H. Chatters, executive director of the Municipal Finance Officers' Association; Professor William E. Mosher, of Syracuse University; and Mr. C. B. Whitnall, member of the Milwaukee metropolitan park commission.

In connection with an Institute of Far Eastern Studies held at the University of Michigan during the recent summer session, regular courses were given and forums conducted by Professors Joseph R. Hayden on nationalism in the Far East, Roderick D. McKenzie on emigration and population movements in the Far East, and Charles F. Remer on trade, tariff, and money in the Far East.

The annual meeting of the Indiana Academy of Social Sciences was held at Hanover College, April 30 and May 1. A general session was addressed by Dr. Charles S. Ascher of the Committee on Public Administration of the Social Science Research Council, and a session on government was devoted to papers by Professors S. Gale Lowrie of the University of Cincinnati, P. S. Sikes of Indiana University, and Mr. Arthur Funston of Earlham College. Other sessions were devoted to papers in the field of sociology, economics, and business administration. Among officers elected for the next year was Professor Harold Zink, of De Pauw University, as vice-president.

After a year of concentration of effort largely upon research, on account of a temporary diminution of budget, the Harvard Graduate School of City Planning has been reorganized as the department of regional planning, coördinate with the departments of architecture and landscape architecture in the Graduate School of Design, thus recognizing the similarity of these three fields in their relation to the planning of the physical environment of mankind for modern conditions. It is intended that the students in regional planning shall have effective access not only to instruction in engineering, which is another field of physical planning, but also to instruction in economics, government, sociology, and related subjects.

Series of addresses at the eleventh annual session of the Institute of Public Affairs at the University of Virginia in July included: "The Essential Conditions for International Security," by Professor Robert McElroy, of Oxford University; "Inter-American Relations," by Dr. George H. Cox, George Washington University; "International Organization for Collective Security," Sir Herbert Ames, former financial director of the League of Nations Secretariat; "Storm Centers in the Far East," Mr. Grover Clark, Washington, D.C.; and "Collective Security as a National Problem," New York City. Political scientists appearing on the program in other connections included Professors Charles G. Fenwick, Bryn Mawr College; Joseph R. Hayden, University of Michigan; and Walter H. C. Laves, Chicago, Ill.

Professor J. Donald Kingsley, of Antioch College, has been awarded a post-doctoral research fellowship by the Social Science Research Council for a study of the development of the British civil service. Similar awards include those to Dr. Harry S. Foster, of Ohio State University, for a study of the news, the public, and pressure groups in the determination of recent British foreign policy, and Dr. Lee S. Greene, supervisor of training in public administration, T.V.A., and University of Tennessee, for a study in Great Britain and Germany of research techniques used in regional planning. The Council's pre-doctoral field fellows for the coming year include Thomas Randolph Hall, III, University of Chicago, for a study in Moscow of the soviets of workmen and peasant deputies of the present day; Avery Leiserson, University of Chicago, for a study of state and federal agencies which have developed the most advanced procedure in dealing with representation of economic interests in administration; James F. Mathias, Jr., for a study of the administrative function of the English law courts in regard to pressing social problems; Robert A. Walker, University of Chicago, for a study of the non-legal techniques of planning administration; and Albert C. F. Westphal, Columbia University, for a study of American foreign policy. Grant-in-aid appointees include Professors Floyd H. Allport, Syracuse University, for a study of the behaviors involved in modern culture and institutions; Harold H. Sprout, Princeton University, for a study of American foreign policies; Arnold J. Zucher, New York University, for a study of the evolution of the presidential office in the United States; and Amry Vandembosch, University of Kentucky, for a study of the government and politics of the Netherlands.

Clyde Lyndon King, professor of political science at the University of Pennsylvania, passed away on June 21 at his home in Westtown, Pennsylvania. For several years he had been in failing health as the result of heart weakness. He was born in Burlington, Kansas, May 1, 1879, and

passed his boyhood on a Kansas farm. This was reflected in his lasting interest in and sympathy with farm problems, as shown in the various milk and farm commissions upon which he served. His practical knowledge of dairying, farming, and economics was of great value to the state and national governments. In 1907, he was graduated from the University of Michigan, and in 1911 he received the degree of doctor of philosophy from the University of Pennsylvania. He had been a member of the Pennsylvania faculty continuously since that time, serving as chairman of the political science department since November, 1935. Dr. King's career was remarkable in the large number of important public positions which he held. From 1916 to 1918, he was chairman of the Governors' Tri-State Milk Commission chosen by the executives of Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Delaware. In 1918 and 1919, he represented the United States Food Administration as milk commissioner for the Eastern states. He was also arbitrator of milk prices for Pennsylvania in 1919. In 1921, he served as economist to the Congressional Joint Commission of Agricultural Inquiry, comprising twelve members of Congress. President Harding appointed him a member of the Agricultural Conference in 1921 and the Unemployment Conference in 1922. In the latter year, he was a member of the advisory committee of the Commerce Department's European division, and in 1923 Gifford Pinchot, becoming governor of Pennsylvania, appointed him chairman of the Citizens' Committee on the Finances of Pennsylvania. He then served for four years as secretary and budget officer of Pennsylvania, and again in the second Pinchot administration, 1931-32, as secretary of revenue and later as chairman of the Public Service Commission. In 1933, he was appointed chairman of the dairy division of the A.A.A. in Washington. Both before and during his active career in the public service, Dr. King had been editor of the *Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science* (1914 to 1929). He was also secretary-treasurer of the American Political Science Association for seven years (1930 to 1936 inclusive). In the words of one of his former colleagues, "his unusual competence and his zest and drive won the admiration of every one in the Association." Dr. King was the author of several books, including *History of the Government of Denver* (1911); *Regulation of Municipal Utilities* (1913); *Trolley Freight and Philadelphia Markets* (1913); *Lower Living Costs in Cities* (1915); *The Price of Milk* (1920); *Community Civics* (1926); and *Public Finance* (1935). He will be long remembered for his success as a teacher, his outstanding ability in the public service, his untiring and unselfish devotion to the interests of our Association, his loyalty to his friends, and his high ideals.—JAMES T. YOUNG.