GLACIOLOGICAL LITERATURE

This is a selected list of glaciological literature on the scientific study of snow and ice and of their effects on the earth; for the literature on polar expeditions, and also on the "applied" aspects of glaciology, such as snow ploughs, readers should consult the bibliographies in each issue of the Polar Record. For Russian material the system of transliteration used is that agreed by the U.S. Board on Geographic Names and the Permanent Committee on Geographical Names for British Official Use in 1947. Readers can greatly assist by sending reprints of their publications to the Society, or by informing Dr J. W. Glen of publications of glaciological interest. It should be noted that the Society does not necessarily hold copies of the items in this list, and also that the Society does not possess facilities for microfilming or photocopying.

GENERAL GLACIOLOGY

Bull, C. [B. B.] Antarctic glaciology. Geotimes, Vol. 11, No. 4, 1966, p. 22-23. [Review of progress since beginning of I.G.Y.]

[Conferences.] Proceedings of the first international symposium on water desalination. Washington, D.C. October 3-9, 1965. Washington, D.C., U.S. Department of the Interior. Office of Saline Water, [c1967]. 3 vols.: 632 p., 830 p., 792 p. \$3.25. [Full text of papers with summaries in French, Russian and Spanish. Includes the following papers: C. Jaccard, "Electrical properties of ice", Vol. 1, p. 224–39; V. A. Klyachko, "Research in the field of water desalination", Vol. 1, p. 331–38; A. J. Barduhn, "The freezing process for water conversion in the United States", Vol. 2, p. 641–58; G. Bozza, G. Dassù [and] G. Giambelli, "On the freezing process", Vol. 2, p. 751–67; A. Peled, "Operation of the freeze desalination plant at Eilat, Israel", Vol. 3, p. 1–10; J. W. Pike, "The direct contact controlled crystal desalination process", Vol. 3, p. 173–88; D. J. Sandell, Jr., and C. A. Johnson, "Direct freeze-wash separation process", Vol. 3, p. 625–50.]

[Glaciology: Arctic.] Glaciology in the Arctic, [by] Glaciology Panel, Committee on Polar Research[, Division of Physical Sciences, National Academy of Sciences—National Research Council]. Transactions. American Geophysical Union, Vol. 48, No. 2, 1967, p. 759–67. [Includes reports on sea ice (volume, condition and dynamics), glaciers, seasonal snow cover, frozen ground and Quaternary chronology.]

JAWOROWSKI, Z. Temporal and geographical distribution of radium D (lead-210). Nature, Vol. 212, No. 5065, 1066, p. 886–80. [Concentration in snow and ice fluctuates and is greater in Arctic than temperate regions.] Washington, D.C., U.S. Department of the Interior. Office of Saline Water, [c1967]. 3 vols.: 632 p.,

1966, p. 886-89. [Concentration in snow and ice fluctuates and is greater in Arctic than temperate regions.]

McLeop, I. R. Glaciological observations in Enderby, Kemp, and Mac.Robertson [sie] Lands, Antarctica.

ANARE Interim Reports. Series A (IV). Glaciology. Publication No. 90, 1967, 48 p. [Snow and ice features,

and topography of the ice sheet in 1958, 1959 and 1961 are described, also sea ice formation in 1958 and 1959.]

MEIER, M. F. Why study glaciers? In the context of water resources. Transactions. American Geophysical Union, Vol. 48, No. 2, 1967, p. 798-802. [Major problems in an understanding of the hydrology of snow and ice.] O'LEARY, B. T. The presence of ice in the Venus atmosphere as inferred from a halo effect. Astrophysical Journal,

Vol. 146, No. 3, 1966, p. 754-66. [Evidence for existence of ice crystals at top of clouds in Venus atmosphere.] O'LEARY, B. T., and REA, D. G. Mars: influence of topography on formation of temporary bright patches. Science, Vol. 155, No. 3760, 1967, p. 317-19. [Bright patches may be CO2 in depressions rather than ice on mountains.]

OULIANOFF, N. De quelques termes employés dans la littérature glaciologique. Actes de la Société Helvétique des

Sciences Naturelles, 1966, p. 137-39.

RAGLE, R. H. Icefield Ranges Research Project, St. Elias Mountains, Yukon, 1966. Arctic, Vol. 20, No. 1, 1967, p. 49-53. [Study of Kaskawulsh Glacier medial moraine; morphological analysis of streams on a glacier; rock glacier studies; cation content of snow and ice in the area of the divide station; snow and ice sampling for analysis of 210Pb; and Steele Glacier observations.]

Sekyra, J. Glacial geology and cryogeology of the Dronning Maud Land-East Antarctica (the Schirmacher Oasis-the Wohlthat Massif). Casopis pro Mineralogii a Geologii (Prague), [Vol.] 11, No. 2, 1966, p. 209-16. Tolstikov, Ye. I., ed. Atlas Antarktiki [Atlas of the Antarctic]. Moscow, Leningrad, Glavnoye Upravleniye Geodezii i Kartografii, 1966. xxiii, 225 p., maps. 60 cm. [Distribution of natural phenomena over whole area, and

by regions.]

Vendrov, S. L., and others. Grigoriy Aleksandrovich Avsyuk (k 60-letno so dnya rozhdeniya) [Grigoriy Aleksandrovich Avsyuk (on his 60th birthday)], [by] S. L. Vendrov [and 13 others]. Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR. Seriya Geograficheskaya [News of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R. Geographical Series], 1967, No. 2, p. 152-53. [Tribute and biography.]

WILHELM, F. Hydrologie, Glaziologie. Braunschweig, Georg Westermann Verlag, [e1966]. 144 p. (Das Geographische Seminar.) [Includes sections on underground water, springs, rivers and seas, chemical properties

of water, and glaciers (description, behaviour, and properties).]

GLACIOLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND METHODS

BAUER, A. Utilisation de la photographie aérienne en glaciologie. (In Chevallier, R., ed. Photographie aérienne, panorama intertechnique. Paris, Gauthier-Villars, 1965, p. 65-68.) [Review of use of aerial photographs in glaciology.]
Beaumont, R. T. Mt. Hood pressure pillow snow gage. Proceedings of the Western Snow Conference, 33rd annual

meeting, 1965, p. 29-35. [Description of device for measuring water equivalent.]

Bertle, F. A. Snow compaction method for the analysis of runoff from rain on snow. Proceedings of the Western Snow Conference, 33rd annual meeting, 1965, p. 11-18. [Method of computation described.]

Bogorodskiy, V. V., and Fedorov, B. A. Radiolokatsiya lednikov [Radio echo-sounding of glaciers]. Zhurnal Tekhnicheskoy Fiziki [Journal of Technical Physics], Tom 37, Vyp. 4, 1967, p. 781–88. [Use during Soviet Antarctic Expedition near Mirny. English translation in Soviet Physics—Technical Physics, Vol. 12, No. 4, 1967, p. 561-66.]

Bonneval, M. Mesure de la direction et de la vitesse d'écoulement d'un glacier par photogrammetrie. (In Chevallier, R., ed. Photographie aérienne, panorama intertechnique. Paris, Gauthier-Villars, 1965, p. 69-72.)

[Description of method of determining glacier velocity by aerial photogrammetry.]

Bugayev, Yu. G. Opyt rabot s radiodal'nomerami v Antarktide [Experience of operating pulsed sound rangefinder in Antarctica]. Geodeziya i Kartografiya [Geodesy and Cartography], No. 4, 1966, p. 10-14. [Use of this instrument under extreme conditions without loss of accuracy.]

CLOUGH, J. W., and Bentley, C. R. Electromagnetic sounding of glacial and shelf ice. Antarctic Journal of the U.S., Vol. 2, No. 4, 1967, p. 119-20. [Soundings of ice thickness in five areas in Antarctica during the 1966-67 field season. Two complete systems were used.]

CROZAZ, G., and others. Artificial radioactivity reference horizons in Greenland firn, by G. Crozaz, C. C. Langway, Jr., and E. Picciotto. Earth and Planetary Science Letters, Vol. 1, No. 1, 1966, p. 42-48. [Object was to investigate total β -activity in firn layers and to determine whether artificial nuclide variations exist which could be used to measure snow accumulation rates.]

Dansgaard, W., and others. The Si32 fallout in Scandinavia: a new method for ice dating, by W. Dansgaard, H. B. Clausen and A. Aarkrog. Tellus, Vol. 18, Nos. 2–3, 1966, p. 187–91. [Measurements on snow and old glacier ice in Jotunheimen, Norway, in 1962 show 32Si as usable element for dating ice up to 2 000–3 000

Grant, L. O., and others. Application of radar to snow surveying, by L. O. Grant, J. D. Marwitz and C. W. Thompson. Proceedings of the Western Snow Conference, 33rd annual meeting, 1965, p. 42-48. [Discussion of methods of using radar to study falling snow.]

JACCARD, C. Four-point method for measuring the volume and surface conductivities of a thin sample. Zeitschrift für angewandte Mathematik und Physik, Vol. 17, Fasc. 6, 1966, p. 657-63. [Details of method suitable for application to ice.]

LAMBERT, G., and others. Possibilities of using lead 210 as an atmospheric tracer, by G. Lambert, B. Ardouin, M.

Nezami and G. Polian. *Tellus*, Vol. 18, Nos. 2-3, 1966, p. 421-26. [Use to date seasonal layers in snow.] LORIUS, C., and others. Sur une méthode gravimétrique simplifiée de détermination de l'épaisseur de glace en bordure de l'Antarctique, [par] C. Lorius, G. Rouillon et F. Helly. Comptes Rendus Hebdomadaires des Séances de l'Académie des Sciences (Paris), Sér. B, Tom. 264, No. 3, 1967, p. 266-69. [Description of simple gravimetric method for determining ice thickness at edge of ice sheet and comparison of depths so found with depths found by drilling at Cap André Prudhomme, Terre Adélie.]

Meier, M. F., and others. Multispectral sensing tests at South Cascade Glacier, Washington, by M. F. Meier, R. H. Alexander and W. J. Campbell. Proceedings of the fourth symposium on remote sensing of environment . . . 1966 . . . University of Michigan (Ann Arbor, Willow Run Laboratories, Institute of Science and Technology, University of Michigan), 1966, p. 145-59. [Correlative meteorological and photometric measurements

were made on the ground; detailed glaciological information was available from past studies.

Penton, V. E., and Robertson, A. C. Experience with the pressure pillow as a snow measuring device. Water Resources Research, Vol. 3, No. 2, 1967, p. 405-08. [Useful for seasonal measurements; unreliable for short time-period variations.]

Pettengill, D. Ice auger. U.S. Geological Survey. Water Supply Paper No. 1822, 1966, p. 53-54. [Description of

powered auger suitable for drilling holes through river ice up to 0.5 m thick.]

RINKER, J. N., and others. Radio ice-sounding techniques, by J. N. Rinker, S. Evans and G. de Q. Robin. Proceedings of the fourth symposium on remote sensing of environment . . . 1966 . . . University of Michigan (Ann Arbor, Willow Run Laboratories, Institute of Science and Technology, University of Michigan), 1966, p. 793-800. Evaluation of two VHF-band radar systems for measuring ice thickness and contouring bedrock profile of ice-rock interface, Greenland ice sheet, 1964.]

SHANNON, W. G. Electronic methods of snow surveying. Soil Conservation, Vol. 23, No. 5, 1966, p. 107-09. [Con-

tinuous recording of snowfall, air temperature and water equivalent.

PHYSICS OF ICE

Adamson, A. W. Surface of very cold ice is nonpolar. Chemical and Engineering News, Vol. 44, No. 18, 1966, p. 50.

[Adsorption of N₂ at 78°K implies ice is non-polar at surface.]

AL-NAIMY, B. S., and others. An electron spin resonance study of the radiolysis and the photolysis of frozen ammonia-water systems, by B. S. Al-Naimy, P. N. Moorthy and J. J. Weiss. Journal of Physical Chemistry, Vol. 70, No. 11, 1966, p. 3654-60. [Identification of NH2 radical as formed by y-irradiation. Study of its production.]

Arias, D., and others. Electrical properties of ice doped with NH3, [by] D. Arias, L. Levi and L. Lubart. Transactions of the Faraday Society, Vol. 62, No. 523, 1966, p. 1955-62. [Dielectric constant and conductivity as

function of temperature and NH3 concentration.]

BARNAAL, D. E., and Lowe, I. J. Experimental free-induction-decay shapes and theoretical second moments for hydrogen in hexagonal ice. *Journal of Chemical Physics*, Vol. 46, No. 12, 1967, p. 4800–09. [Good agreement with model of nuclear magnetic resonance line shape which assumes that high-frequency proton tunnelling does not take place along the hydrogen bonds.]

Berendsen, H. J. C. Water structure in biological systems. Federation Proceedings. Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology, Vol. 25, No. 3, Pt. 1, 1966, p. 971-76. [Discussion of structure of H₂O in biomolecular

systems. Includes suggestion about ice nucleating ability of many steroid hormones.]

BLINC, R., and HADŽI, D. Deuteron quadrupole coupling and hydrogen bonding in crystals. Nature, Vol. 212, No. 5068, 1966, p. 1307-09. [Use of deuteron magnetic resonance to study hydrogen bonds in, among other

things, ice.]

BOGORODSKIY, V. V., and KHOKHLOV, G. P. Akusticheskiye kharakteristiki I'da, nakhodyashchegosya pod staticheskim davleniyem [Acoustic characteristics of ice under a static pressure]. Akusticheskiy Zhurnal [Acoustical Journal], Tom 13, Vyp. 1, 1967, p. 18–22. [Velocity of sound in columnar polycrystalline ice up to 500 bar. Main effect attributed to recrystallization of ice. English translation in Soviet Physics—Acoustics, Vol. 13, No. 1, 1967, p. 14-17.]

Brill, R., and Tippe, A. Gitterparameter von Eis I bei tiesen Temperaturen. Acta Crystallographica, Vol. 23, No. 3, 1967, p. 343-45. [Accurate determination of lattice parameters of hexagonal ice, 15°-200°K. English summary.]

CAMPBELL, E. S., and others. Interpretation of the energy of hydrogen bonding; permanent multiple contribution to the energy of ice as a function of the arrangement of hydrogens, [by] E. S. Campbell, G. Gelertner, H. Heinen and V. R. G. Moorti. Journal of Chemical Physics, Vol. 46, No. 7, 1967, p. 2690–707. [Review of present knowledge of hydrogen bond and of hydrogen positions in ice and calculation of energy variation for different hydrogen arrangements.]

DE MICHELI, S. M. DE, and LICENBLAT, A. R. Ice whiskers grown in subsaturated atmospheres. Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences, Vol. 24, No. 3, 1967, p. 312-15. [Appearance of whiskers during evaporation of ice

crystals.]

Grant, N. H. The biological role of ice. Discovery, Vol. 27, No. 8, 1966, p. 26-30. [Implications of discovery that some biochemical reactions are faster in ice.]

Grant, N. H., and Alburn, H. E. Acceleration of enzyme reactions in ice. Nature, Vol. 212, No. 5058, 1966,

p. 194. [Reactions faster in ice at -23° C than in water at $+1^{\circ}$ C.] Gunter, T. E. Electron paramagnetic resonance studies of the radiolysis of H₂O in the solid state. *Journal of* Chemical Physics, Vol. 46, No. 10, 1967, p. 3818-29. [Study of OH radical in ice after electron irradiation at

Hall, P. G., and Tompkins, F. C. Dielectric relaxation in water adsorbed on ionic crystals. Journal of the Chemical Society, Sect. A, 1966, No. 1, p. 36-40. [Study of dielectric loss of H₂O adsorbed on CaF₂, MgO, KCl and

AgI. Discussion of extent to which adsorbed layers are ordered and ice-like.]

JAMES, D. W. Solidification kinetics of ice determined by the thermal wave technique. (In Peiser, H. S., ed. Crystal growth. Proceedings of an international conference on crystal growth, Boston, 20-24 June 1966. Oxford, etc., Pergamon Press, [c1967], p. 767-73.) [Application to ice of method of determining kinetics of freezing normal to basal plane.]

Jones, S. J. Softening of ice crystals by dissolved fluoride ions. Physics Letters, Vol. 25A, No. 5, 1967, p. 366-67. [At c. -70°C small amounts of HF considerably reduce stress in constant strain-rate tests and increase the

creep rate.]

Kikuchi, K. On the positive electrification of snow crystals in the process of their melting (III).—(IV). Journal of the Meteorological Society of Japan, Ser. 2, Vol. 43, No. 6, 1965, p. 343-50; p. 351-58. [(III): relation between bubble concentration in ice and + charge generation during melting confirmed experimentally. (IV): during melting of bubbly ice, droplets seen to burst from surface carried negative charge.]

Kim, D.-Y., and Schmidt, V. H. Semiclassical theory of proton transport in ice. Canadian Journal of Physics, Vol. 45,

No. 4, 1967, p. 1507-16. [Calculation of mobility of protons in ice which agrees well with electrical conduc-

tivity experiments.]

Koros, R. M., and others. The sticking probability of water on ice, [by] R. M. Koros, J. M. Deckers, R. P. Andreas and M. Boudart. Chemical Engineering Science, Vol. 21, No. 10, 1966, p. 941-50. [Beam of water vapour molecules impinges on ice target and number sticking found.]

Krausz, A. S., and others. Tubular ice crystals, by A. S. Krausz, B. Harron and G. G. Litvan. Nature, Vol. 215,

No. 5098, 1967, p. 271-73.

Kröger, F. A. The chemistry of imperfect crystals. Amsterdam, North-Holland Publishing Co., 1964. xvi, 1039 p. [Ch. 18, "Special cases of disorder", has section 18.2, p. 750-67, devoted to ice.]

Levi, L., and Kobayashi, T. Ice filaments grown in a gradient of vapour pressure. Journal of the Meteorological Society of Japan, Ser. 2, Vol. 45, No. 4, 1967, p. 315-25. [Study of the filaments which form when ice crystals, nucleated on fine threads, grow upwards and sublimate underneath, leaving a filament between crystals and thread.]

Levi, L., and Milman, O. Freezing potential of electrolytic solutions. Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences, Vol. 23, No. 2, 1966, p. 182-86. [Experimental study for NH3 and NaCl solutions.]

LIEB, E. H. Exact solution of the F model of an antiferroelectric. Physical Review Letters, Vol. 18, No. 24, 1967, p. 1046-48. [Exact solution of phase transition and electrical properties of antiferroelectric structure similar to that of ice.]

LIEB, E. H. Exact solution of the problem of the entropy of two-dimensional ice. Physical Review Letters, Vol. 18, No. 17, 1967, p. 692–94. [Entropy of two-dimensional square lattice obeying Bernal-Fowler rules found to be $k \ln (4/3)^{3/2}$ per molecule.]

LIEB, E. H. Exact solution of the two-dimensional Slater KDP model of a ferroelectric. Physical Review Letters, Vol. 19, No. 3, 1967, p. 108–10. [Exact solution of phase transition and electrical properties of ferroelectric structure similar to that of ice.] LINDENMEYER, C. S., and CHALMERS, B. Growth rate of ice dendrites in aqueous solutions. Journal of Chemical

Physics, Vol. 45, No. 8, 1966, p. 2807-08. [Measurement of free and substrate growth rates as function of supercooling and solute concentration.]

LINDENMEYER, C. S., and CHALMERS, B. Morphology of ice dendrites. Journal of Chemical Physics, Vol. 45, No. 8, 1966, p. 2804-06. [Direction of dendrites growing in supercooled pure water, aqueous solution and on substrates.]

MAYBANK, J., and BARTHAKUR, N. N. The growth and destruction of ice filaments in an electric field. Nature, Vol. 216, No. 5110, 1967, p. 50–52. [Letter. Study of filament-like ice crystals growing near a freezing water

drop and their modification by an electric field.]

MORACHEVSKIY, B. G. Ob aktivnosti chastits AgJ v kachestve l'doobrazuyushchikh yader [On the activity of AgI particles as ice generating nuclei]. Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR. Fizika Atmosfery i Okeana [News of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R. Physics of the Atmosphere and Ocean], Tom 3, No. 1, 1967, p. 105-07. [If the isotope 131 is used in the AgI it does not act as nucleus. English translation in Izvestiya. Academy of Sciences,

U.S.S.R. Atmospheric and Oceanic Physics, Vol. 3, No. 1, 1967, p. 59-60.]
PARUNGO, F. P., and Lodge, J. P., jr. Amino acids as ice nucleators. Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences, Vol. 24, No. 3, 1967, p. 274-77. [Difference between optically active and inactive forms. Thermodynamic explana-

Parungo, F. P., and Lodge, J. P., jr. Molecular structure and ice nucleation of some organics. Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences, Vol. 22, No. 3, 1965, p. 309-13. [Nucleating ability found to vary with potential strength

of hydrogen bond between hydroxyl or carboxyl group and H2O molecule.

PINATTI, D., and MASCARENHAS, S. Electrical currents produced during the solidification of water (Costa Ribeiro effect). Journal of Applied Physics, Vol. 38, No. 6, 1967, p. 2648-52. [Description of apparatus in which freezing or melting rate can be controlled and associated current measured. Results quoted. Importance for thunderstorm electricity discussed.]

PRUPPACHER, H. R. On the growth of ice in aqueous solutions contained in capillaries. Zeitschrift für Naturforschung, Bd. 22A, Ht. 6, 1967, p. 895-901. [Observations of variation of dendritic growth rate with various dissolved

monovalent ions.

Qureshi, M. M., and Maybank, J. Further tests on the ice nucleation potential of meteoritic material. Nature,

Vol. 211, No. 5048, 1966, p. 508-09. [Laboratory tests.]
RAMSEIER, R. O. Self-diffusion of tritium in natural and synthetic ice monocrystals. Journal of Applied Physics, Vol. 38, No. 6, 1967, p. 2553-56. [Measurement both parallel and perpendicular to c-axis from -2.5° to -35.9°C. Interpretation as due to vacancy diffusion of H₂O molecules.]

RIEHL, N. Protonic mobility and its importance for biological systems. Transactions of the New York Academy of

Sciences, Ser. 2, Vol. 27, No. 7, 1965, p. 772-81. [Discussion of proton motion along hydrogen bonds, particularly in ice. Also published in Phillips, G. O., ed. Energy transfer in radiation processes. Chemical, physical and biological aspects. Proceedings of the international symposium held at Cardiff, January, 1965. Amsterdam, Elsevier,

1966, p. 95–104.]
ROEDDER, E. Metastable superheated ice in liquid-water inclusions under high negative pressure. Science, Vol. (Retention of ice up to $+6.5^{\circ}$ C in liquid inclusions in minerals with 155, No. 3768, 1967, p. 1413-17. [Retention of ice up to $+6.5^{\circ}$ C in liquid inclusions in minerals with

negative pressure of c. 1000 bar.]

ROULLEAU, M., and Poc, M.-M. Électrocongélation des brouillards surfondus. Comptes Rendus Hebdomadaires des Séances de l'Académie des Sciences (Paris), Sér. B, Tom. 264, No. 21, 1967, p. 1480-83. [Strong electric field

causes freezing of supercooled mist droplets.]

SHREVE, R. L. Migration of air bubbles, vapor figures and brine pockets in ice under a temperature gradient. Journal of Geophysical Research, Vol. 72, No. 16, 1967, p. 4093-100. [Theory, and comparison with reported experiments.

Soules, J. A. Improved sophomore experiment to measure latent heat of fusion. American Journal of Physics,

Vol. 35, No. 1, 1967, p. 23-26. [Two forms of teaching experiment to determine latent heat of fusion of ice.]

STARR, J. R., and Mason, B. J. The melting of small ice spheres and cones. Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society, Vol. 92, No. 394, 1966, p. 500-09. [Times of complete melting in airstreams of controlled temperature, humidity and velocity measured and compared with theory.]

SUTHERLAND, BILL. Exact solution of a two-dimensional model for hydrogen-bonded crystals. Physical Review Letters, Vol. 19, No. 3, 1967, p. 103-04. [Solution of two-dimensional ice lattice in electric field.]

Tippe, A. Zum Piezoeffekte bei Eis I. Naturwissenschaften, 54. Jahrg., Ht. 3, 1967, p. 68-69. [Explanation of effect observed by A. Deubner, R. Heise and K. Wenzel, ibid., 47. Jahrg., Ht. 24, 1960, p. 600-01, as not due to piezoelectricity.]

Weissmann, M., and others. On the hydrogen bond in an ice-like structure, [by] M. Weissmann, L. Blum and N. V. Cohan. Chemical Physics Letters, Vol. 1, No. 3, 1967, p. 95–98. [Comparison of various methods of

calculating hydrogen-bond energy between water molecules in ice.]
WILLIAMSON, R. B., and CHALMERS, B. Morphology of ice solidified in undercooled water. (In Peiser, H. S., ed. Crystal growth. Proceedings of an international conference on crystal growth, Boston, 20-24 June 1966. Oxford, etc., Pergamon Press, [c1967], p. 739-43.) [Study of shapes of crystals formed at different supercooling and explanation.]

Yosida, Z. Köri no kesshō no hyōmen kōzō. I. Kesshō teimen no kōzō, kōri no kesshō no heikōkei [Surface structure of ice crystals. I. Structure of basal surface, equilibrium form of ice crystals]. Teion-kagaku [Low Temperature Science], Ser. A, Vol. 24, 1966, p. 1-18. [Theory of equilibrium form of ice surface. English

extended summary p. 14–18.] Zhitnikov, R. A., and Kolesnikov, N. V. Teoreticheskoye rassmotreniye matrichnykh sdvigov rasshchepleniy sverkhtonkoy struktury dlya atomov Cu, Ag i Au, stabilizirovannykh v polyarnoy matritse (H2O) [Theoretical analysis of the matrix shifts of the split hyperfine structure of Cu, Ag, and Au atoms stabilized in a polar matrix (H₂O)]. Fizika Tverdogo Tela [Physics of the Solid State], Tom 9, Vyp. 1, 1967, p. 162–66. [Results for Ag and Au in good agreement with theory. English translation in Soviet Physics—Solid State, Vol. 9, No. 1, 1967, p. 121-24.]

ZIMBRICK, J., and KEVAN, L. Evidence for trapped dielectrons in ice. Journal of the American Chemical Society, Vol. 89, No. 10, 1967, p. 2483–84. [Letter. After high γ -irradiation electron resonance studies suggest two electrons can be trapped in the same OH⁻ vacancy.]

LAND ICE. GLACIERS. ICE SHELVES

Adamson, R. G., and Cavaney, R. J. Volcanic debris-layers near Mount Melbourne, northern Victoria Land, Antarctica. New Zealand Journal of Geology and Geophysics, Vol. 10, No. 2, 1967, p. 418-21. [Description of layers in Campbell Glacier.]

BAYROCK, L. A. Catastrophic advance of the Steele Glacier, Yukon, Canada. Alberta University. Boreal Institute. Occasional Publication No. 3, 1967, 35 p. [Report of survey, 20-23 August 1966. Maximum rate of flow was 46 ft (14 m) per 24 h mainly by slipping at the base. At the toe, most of the motion could be accounted for by shearing along the base.] Behrendt, J. C., and others. Geophysical reconnaissance in the Pensacola Mountains, by J. C. Behrendt, J. R.

Henderson and L. J. Meister. Antarctic Journal of the U.S., Vol. 1, No. 4, 1966, p. 125-26. [Helicopter survey made during 1965-66 austral summer included seismic reflection, gravity and aeromagnetic studies.]

BEITZEL, J. E., and BENTLEY, C. R. Geophysical investigations in Marie Byrd Land. Antarctic Journal of the U.S. Vol. 2, No. 4, 1967, p. 95-97. [Measurements of ice thickness, required for reduction of gravity data as well as for glaciological purposes.]

BOWMAN, G. C. Directional characteristics of ionosonde interference patterns from the Filchner Ice Shelf. AVCO Corporation, AVCO Space Systems Division, Wilmington, Mass., Contract NSF-C403, Antarctic Research and Data Analysis, Scientific Report 24, AVSSD-0224-66-CR, 1966, 34 p. [Use of apparatus intended to study ionosphere to find depth of ice shelf and dielectric constant of its ice.]

Brecher, H. H. Measurements of ice-surface movement by aerial triangulation. Antarctic Journal of the U.S., Vol. 2, No. 4, 1967, p. 123. [Variation of accumulation along line of markers was strikingly similar during

two time intervals.]

Browne-Cooper, P. J., and others. Probable local seismicity at Wilkes, Antarctica, [by] P. J. Browne-Cooper, G. R. Small and R. Whitworth. New Zealand Journal of Geology and Geophysics, Vol. 10, No. 2, 1967, p. 443-45. [Includes seismic records attributed to "ice-quakes".]

CROZAZ, G., and LANGWAY, C. C., jr. Dating Greenland firn-ice cores with Pb-210. Earth and Planetary Science Letters, Vol. 1, No. 4, 1966, p. 194–96. [Method applied to depth profile of North Greenland ice sheet.] Einarsson, E. H. Sudurbrún Mýrdalsjökuls við Gvendarfell. Breytingar síoustu 100 ár o. fl. Jökull, [Vol.] 3,

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In the entry in "Glaciological literature" on p. 473, WOLDSTEDT, P. Die interglazialen . . ., the note in square brackets should read: [The interglacial marine beaches are "raised beaches" and do not prove a former higher ocean level; it can be shown that ocean levels have not altered appreciably during the Quaternary, thus most Antarctic ice must have been formed before this.]

NOTE FOR AUTHORS

In view of the impending retirement of Dr. Gerald Seligman from his Editorship of the Journal of Glaciology, authors are requested to send their manuscripts to Dr. J. W. Glen, Department of Physics, University of Birmingham, P.O. Box 363, Birmingham 15, England and not to Dr. Seligman.