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- Reintroducing the Arabian oryx to the wild
- Establishing the International Gorilla Conservation Programme
- Establishing Vietnam's first locally managed conservation organisation

Collaboration is key to our approach, and wherever possible we work with other global conservation organisations to ensure we are effective and efficient. That's why in 2015 we moved into the David Attenborough Building of the Cambridge Conservation Initiative with several other global conservation groups. Now we are asking you to be part of our wider collaborative work by becoming a Life Member.

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Gary Morrisroe/FFI

"I have been a member of Fauna & Flora International since the 1950s... investment in the work of FFI is truly an investment in the future of our planet"

Sir David Attenborough

To join as a Life Member, you can:

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- Cover** Baseline distribution data are essential for decision-making in conservation under future climate change scenarios and in the face of other threats. The reptiles of Odesa Oblast in south-west Ukraine are threatened by military action, alteration and degradation of habitats, uncontrolled pressure from infrastructure projects and invasive species. However, there are fewer species distribution data available for Ukraine compared to other European countries, and much of the research on the reptiles of Odesa Oblast dates from the Soviet era. A new compilation of 662 records of the 14 native reptile species known from Odesa Oblast includes previously unreported localities for some species such as the grass snake *Natrix natrix* (pictured). However, fieldwork did not confirm the occurrence of five of the 14 known species. Species richness is highest in the protected areas along the Black Sea. With this and seven additional articles, this issue of *Oryx* examines a range of topics and species in herpetofauna conservation, including human-crocodile interactions, marine and freshwater turtles, and the harlequin frog and gharial. For further details, see pp. 290–350. (Photograph © Sylvain Cordier/NaturePL.com)