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Since its inception in 1903 as the world's first international conservation organisation Fauna & Flora International has been working tirelessly for the preservation of plants and animals across the world. For over 100 years Life Members have provided the support and commitment that has helped us to achieve so much, not least key achievements such as:

- Reintroducing the Arabian oryx to the wild
- Establishing the International Gorilla Conservation Programme
- Establishing Vietnam's first locally managed conservation organisation

Collaboration is key to our approach, and wherever possible we work with other global conservation organisations to ensure we are effective and efficient. That's why in 2015 we moved into the David Attenborough Building of the Cambridge Conservation Initiative with several other global conservation groups. Now we are asking you to be part of our wider collaborative work by becoming a Life Member.

As a Life Member you will receive Oryx—The International Journal of Conservation and our annual magazine Fauna & Flora, and you will also be invited to special events, where you can network with some of the world's leading conservationists. You will be joining a select group of supporters who have shown an extraordinary commitment to international conservation.

By joining Fauna & Flora International as a Life Member with a one-off payment of £1,500 you will be making a genuine difference to our conservation work and will forever be part of our global conservation organisation.



Gary Morrisroe/FFI

"I have been a member of Fauna & Flora International since the 1950s... investment in the work of FFI is truly an investment in the future of our planet"

Sir David Attenborough

To join as a Life Member, you can:

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Cover The isolation of islands and their often high proportion of endemic species have both entranced natural historians and posed unique challenges for conservation. The main theme of this issue (pp. 16–72) examines some of these matters, including the conservation and ecology of island endemics, the influence of invasive species, and the role of islands and atolls as refugia. The lead article (pp. 16–25) examines patterns of space use by two Critically Endangered Galapagos tortoise species, *Chelonoidis porteri* (pictured) and *Chelonoidis donfaustoi*, on farms on Santa Cruz Island. As agricultural areas expand, interactions between wild animals and people are increasing, and understanding the nature of such interactions is vital for managing human–wildlife coexistence. The tortoises on Santa Cruz Island spend extended lengths of time in the agricultural zone, outside the National Park that comprises 88% of the island, leading to an emerging human–wildlife conflict. This cuts across to the second theme in this issue, on people and wildlife (pp. 73–100). (Photograph © Tui de Roy/NaturePL)



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