

## NOTICE OF RETRACTION

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ABSTRACT. The result of a previous paper is retracted.

The paper [1] contains an error rendering its principal theorem invalid. The error occurs at equation (4.5). Since  $\nabla_X X = 0$  was used to derive (4.4), it follows that (4.5) uses the implicit assumption that  $\nabla_Y Y = 0$ . Since this is the desired conclusion (4.8), the argument is circular. Here  $X$  and  $Y$  are vector fields defined locally.

The author would like to thank Prof. B. Datta, of the Indian Statistical Institute for pointing out that there is a subspace of  $R^7$ , intersecting  $S^6$  in a submanifold  $U$  diffeomorphic to  $S^3$ , in such a way that any two dimensional submanifold of  $U$  is totally real. This provides a counterexample to the theorem of the paper.

### REFERENCES

1. M. A. Bashir, *On totally real submanifolds in a 6-sphere*, Canad. Math. Bull. 33(1990), 162–166.

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