

Victoria Schuck Award—\$500

This award is for the best book on Women and Politics published in the previous year.

Janet Boles, Marquette University
Janet Flammang, University of Santa Clara
Mary Katzenstein, Cornell University, chair

Woodrow Wilson Foundation Award—\$2,000

This award is for the best book published in the U.S. the previous year on government, politics or international affairs.

Samuel Barnes, University of Michigan, chair
Walter Dean Burnham, University of Texas at Austin
Frank Sorauf, University of Minnesota

Carey McWilliams Award—\$500

This award is given to recognize a journalist who has made a substantial contribution to our understanding of politics.

Richard Hofstetter, San Diego State University
Marvin Kalb, Kennedy School, Harvard
Robert Wood, Wesleyan University, chair

Hubert H. Humphrey Award—\$500

This award is given in recognition of notable public service by a political scientist.

David Denoon, New York University
Norman Ornstein, American Enterprise Institute, chair
Jeanie R. Stanley, University of Texas at Tyler

John Gaus Lecture—\$1,500

This award is to honor a scholar who best embodies the joint tradition of political science and public administration and, more generally, to recognize achievement and encourage scholarship in public administration.

James Carroll, Brookings Institution
Joseph LaPalombara, Yale University, chair
Beryl Radin, Washington Public Affairs Center

Benjamin E. Lippincott Award—\$1,500

This award is given every other year for a work of exceptional quality by a living political theorist that is still considered significant after a time span of at least 15 years since the original publication.

Harry Eckstein, University of California, Irvine
Robert Gilpin, Princeton University
Austin Ranney, University of California, Berkeley, chair

APSA Representatives to Affiliated Organizations

American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS)—Section K

Term expiring February 12, 1992:
James Thurber, American University

American Association for the Advancement of Slavic Studies (AAASS)

Charles Gati, Columbia University

American Council of Learned Societies (ACLS)

Term expiring December 31, 1990:
Judith N. Shklar, Harvard University

Consortium of Social Science Associations (COSSA)

Terms expiring December 31, 1990:
Raymond E. Wolfinger, University of California, Berkeley
Catherine E. Rudder, American Political Science Association

Council of Professional Association on Federal Statistics (COPAFS)

Howard Silver, COSSA
Jack Katosh, Mathew Greenwald & Associates

International Political Science Association (IPSA)

Terms expiring 1991:
Philip E. Converse, University of Michigan
Robert G. Gilpin, Princeton University
Robert Scalapino, University of California, Berkeley

Social Science Research Council (SSRC)

Term expiring June 30, 1989:
Suzanne Berger, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

**Council Minutes
August 31, 1988**

Editor's Note: These minutes are subject to the approval of the Council at its April 7, 1989 meeting in Washington, D.C.

The Council of the American Political Science Association met at 9:30 a.m. on August 31, 1988 in Washington, D.C. at the Washington

Hilton Hotel. Present were: James E. Anderson, William I. Bacchus, David W. Brady, Demetrios Caraley, Francis M. Carney, Margaret P. Karns, Donald Kinder, Jane Mansbridge, David Morgan, Samuel C. Patterson, Dianne M. Pinderhughes, Lucian W. Pye, Mitchell F. Rice, Robert M. Rosenzweig, Catherine E. Rudder, Margaret E. Scranton, Mary Shanley, Barbara Sinclair, Kenneth N. Waltz (presiding), Richard A. Watson, Nancy H. Zingale, Aristide Zolberg.

Visitors (proposed new Council members): Christopher Achen, Kathleen Frankovic, Ted Robert Gurr, Robert Jervis, Ronald C. Kahn, Barbara J. Nelson, Martin Shapiro, Judith N. Shklar.

Staff: Robert Hauck, Sheilah Mann, Rovilla McHenry, Brinton Rowdybush, Maurice Woodward.

President Waltz welcomed the Council and received approval from the Council of the minutes of April 22, 1988. The Council then received the August 30, 1988 minutes of the Administrative Committee.

New Committee Assignments

President-Elect Lucian Pye asked for and received approval of the following APSA committee assignments, effective January 1, 1989, and the Council granted him permission to make any changes or additions, if necessary. (Committee assignments are listed in the Gazette section of this issue of *PS*.)

The Council approved Pye's Council committee assignments, as follows:

Organized Sections Committee

Donald Kinder, Chair
Christopher H. Achen
Barbara Nelson

Rules Committee

Mary L. Shanley, Chair
Dianne M. Pinderhughes
Aristide R. Zolberg

Elections Committee

William I. Bacchus, Chair
Margaret E. Scranton
Adolph Reed, Jr.

Report of the President

Waltz reported on his travels to the regional political science association meetings during the 1987-88 academic year and reviewed the status of three major initiatives of the Association. First, APSA has continued to try to get our representative into South Africa so that he can lay the groundwork for the establishment of a

graduate fellowship program in political science for Black South Africans in U.S. universities. Despite efforts on the part of former President Samuel Huntington, our representative has not been granted the necessary visa. Waltz indicated that APSA should try a different strategy in setting up the program.

Second, Waltz enthusiastically endorsed the Ralph Bunche Summer Institute for Black Undergraduates, funded by the Ford Foundation, sponsored by APSA, and hosted by Southern University and Louisiana State University in Baton Rouge for six weeks each summer. Having attended the final banquet of the institute in July of 1988, Waltz reported that the students were of high quality and that the overall program seemed to be extremely successful. He indicated that APSA should do everything in its power to seek new funding upon the completion of the Ford Foundation grant in 1989.

Finally, with regard to the exchange between APSA and the Soviet Political Science Association, Waltz announced that we are still trying to work out a mutually agreeable date for APSA's delegation to go to the USSR in 1988 or 1989.

Annual Meeting

Rudder reported the Council-imposed limits on the number of panels offered at the Annual Meeting (from 650 in 1987 to 450 in 1988) did not appear to have affected planned attendance at the annual meeting. She also reported that the number of participants not pre-registering would be below 100 people.

The Council approved the agenda of the 1988 Annual Business Meeting to be held at 5:30 on Saturday, September 3.

Pye reported that the plans for the 1989 Annual Meeting to be held in Atlanta were on track and that Program Chairman Nelson W. Polsby was responding to the concerns of those groups who needed a larger number of panels to accommodate demand. The Council then discussed incorporation of Organized Sections into the Official Program for 1989 and how they might fit into the Official Program after 1989.

Organized Sections

The discussion of the role of Sections in the Annual Meeting led to other questions, including how Organized Sections should fit into APSA generally, whether the formation of new Sections should be encouraged and to what degree, and how much structure the Council should impose on Organized Sections. The

Council agreed that these questions deserved a more extended discussion and approved the following motion, as recommended by the Administrative Committee: The members of the Council Committee on Organized Sections, and Lucian Pye, Judith Shklar, and Kenneth Waltz are appointed to meet to discuss the place of Sections in APSA and in particular in the Official Program. This ad hoc Committee on Sections in APSA should consult widely with APSA members and especially leaders of Organized Sections and should present its report to the Council at its Spring 1989 meeting.

The Council then approved the formation of a new Organized Section on International Security and Arms Control, proposed by Paul Viotti of the U.S. Air Force Academy, upon the certification by the executive director that the requisite 100 signatures have been obtained, as recommended by the Administrative Committee. The request to expedite the formation of this Section was agreed to in light of the lack of an Organized Section specifically on international relations.

Upon receipt of more than 100 signatures petitioning the establishment of an Organized Section on Comparative Politics, the Council approved a second new Organized Section proposed by Peter Lange of Duke University.

IPSA World Congress

Robert Hauck presented the budget for the 14th World Congress of the International Political Science Association, hosted by APSA. He anticipated income of \$222,000, direct expenses of \$251,000, and a projected IPSA deficit of under \$30,000. APSA raised \$135,960 for 148 travel grants, the largest amount ever raised for an IPSA World Congress by a host institution. The Congress was anticipated to be the most diverse ever.

APSA-CAPS Exchange

Hauck presented the itinerary of the delegation from the Chinese Association of Political Science from the People's Republic of China from August 31 through September 15. The hosts were to be APSA in Washington, D.C., Eleanor Main of Emory University in Atlanta, Lucian Pye of MIT in Boston, and David Brady of Stanford University in San Francisco.

Endowed Program Committee

Frank Sorauf, Chair of the Endowed Program Committee, presented the report of the Com-

mittee on behalf of himself and the other committee members, Beverly Crawford and Richard Fenno. [At its April 24, 1987 meeting, the Council had agreed to a series of resolutions emanating from the report of the Ad Hoc Committee on Awards and asked the President to appoint an Endowed Program Committee. This second committee was to "define and recommend to the Council a plan of programs and priorities" to further the Council's policy "to encourage the creation of funds for purposes other than awards as a way of honoring members of the profession and as a way of encouraging other gifts and bequests."]

Sorauf explained that the premise of the committee was that it is necessary to think in longer terms concerning the funding of APSA programs and to consider methods of raising funds other than through increasing dues, an act which could lead to membership decline. Whereas the Awards Committee concerned itself with the proliferation of awards, the Endowed Program Committee focused on the Association more generally and in the longer run.

The Council adopted the eight resolutions proposed by the Endowed Program Committee and added a ninth as follows:

1. The Council reaffirms its moratorium on the acceptance of new prizes and awards and extends it indefinitely or until its lifting is a part of a comprehensive development plan proposed by the Development Committee.
2. The Council asks the Executive Director to submit as soon as feasible a report on the financial status of and need for the existing awards and prizes with recommendations for implementing the policies on awards and prizes adopted in 1987.
3. The Council directs that funds for present awards and prizes be turned into endowments and asks the Board of the Trust and Development Fund to invest and manage them in ways that will (to the greatest extent possible) assure a predictable annual income and protect the real dollar value of the capital.
4. It is the policy of the Council that all future endowed programs of the Association be funded at a ratio of 25 times a reasonable annual expenditure for the program (or 12 and 1/2 times a biennial expenditure).
5. It is the policy of the Association that endowments in the future pay overhead costs to the Association of 30 percent of the annual program expenditure.
6. The Council establishes a Development Committee, to be appointed and budgeted for in the usual manner, that will propose development goals and policies to the

Council and oversee their eventual implementation.

7. The Council authorizes the creation of (and will budget for) a Development Officer in the national office of the Association; that individual will have the major staff and day-to-day administrative responsibility for the Association's development policy.
8. The Council requests the Organized Sections Committee to recommend guidelines for the organized sections on two subjects:
 - a. the making of awards and prizes.
 - b. the raising of funds other than the designated membership dues.
9. The Council requests the Organized Sections not to establish awards that duplicate existing awards by name or purpose.

Robert Rosenzweig stated that it is the sense of the Council that the Development Committee should develop a proposal outlining the cost implications of adding a development officer and must return to the Council for approval to proceed. There was no dissent from this clarification.

New Education Projects and Project '87

Sheilah Mann reported that the monographs on "Women and American Politics" for use in American government courses have been published. In addition, she announced that APSA will receive a grant from the Ford Foundation for special seminars for college faculty prior to the 1989 Annual Meeting. Third, the Departmental Services Program for High School Social Studies Departments is underway. Fourth, APSA is participating in a project of the Association of American Colleges to study the liberal arts major. Fifth, several other grant activities are being pursued. Finally, Mann reported on the remaining activities of Project '87.

Professional Liability Insurance

Rudder reported on the quest for professional liability insurance for APSA officers, staff and committee members. The Council agreed to accept a proposal by Albert H. Wohlers & Co. which will cover APSA with a \$1,000,000 aggregate limit and a lesser \$25,000 limit on the work of the Professional Ethics Committee. It was the sense of the Council that the Professional Ethics Committee should operate with great caution and should be reminded that the philosophy underlying the existence of the committee is to establish overall ethical policy for the profession.

Oral History Project

The Council approved the appropriation of \$2,000 for the Oral History Project and asked that the interviewees represent the broad base of the profession.

Treasurer's Report

Nancy Zingale announced that the anticipated deficit for fiscal year 1987-88 was transformed into a surplus of \$74,385 through a series of cost-cutting measures, the extension of Project '87 grants, and aggressive efforts to increase revenues. The Council approved the revised budget for FY 1988-89 which anticipates a small deficit stemming from APSA's contributions to the IPSA World Congress.

Zingale reported that the Trust and Development Fund is sound and growing. The Fund will contribute approximately \$200,000 this fiscal year to APSA's operating budget.

Report of the APSR Managing Editor

Managing Editor Samuel Patterson delivered his annual report on the APSR which included a history of the journal and its editors. Pye asked that the report be printed prominently in *PS*. Margaret Karns noted the drop in acceptance rates in the field of international relations, a decline that Patterson called insignificant given the small number of cases.

Report on Minority Programs

Maurice Woodard reported on the successful completion of the third Ralph Bunche Summer Institute in Baton Rouge. He also announced the selection of the Black American and Chicano Graduate Fellows, the printing of the Directory of Black American Political Scientists, and the availability of the mailing list from that directory.

Political Science Software Review Project

Hauck reported on the progress of the Political Science Software Review Project funded by IBM's Academic Information Systems. APSA has asked for a ten-month extension to oversee the development of specific software packages, as well as support a workshop on software development in international relations.

Executive Director's Report

Rudder asked the Council for permission to pursue negotiations with the American Historical Association, the American Sociological Association and the American Economic Association for discounted memberships for APSA members desiring to join those organizations and vice versa. The Council authorized such negotiations.

Rudder reviewed the efforts to retain and increase members in the Association, including letters to lapsed members, authors of *APSR* and *PS* articles and book reviews, women and minority political scientists, non-U.S. political scientists, department chairmen and students.

She also reviewed some of her priorities, including the representation of political science within the scientific and humanities committees, the development of strong Organized Sections, future funding for the Ralph Bunche Summer Institute, the revitalization of the Committee on the Status of Chicanos, building closer relationships with regional and state political science associations and with the international community, and effective management of the Association.

Tribute to Kenneth N. Waltz

Pye presented to Waltz a framed certificate in recognition of his presidential year, and the Council unanimously thanked Waltz for his year of service to the Association as President of APSA.

The Council adjourned at 1:50 p.m.

A Report on the Congressional Fellowship Program, 1987-88 and 1988-89

The Congressional Fellowship Program is a professional level internship that gives academics, journalists, federal executives, and other professionals an opportunity to work on the staffs of senators, representatives, and congressional committees. Its goals are:

- to improve the quality of scholarship and teaching on Congress and American national politics;
- to enhance public understanding of Congress and policymaking; and

- to provide professionals from several fields with practical experience in Congress and insight into the legislative process.

Since 1953, the first year of the Program, there have been a total of 1,303 Fellows, including 219 political scientists, 176 journalists, 629 federal executives, and 272 medical faculty and others.

Although the first class of Fellows had only six members, in recent years the Program has grown to include between 40 and 50 Fellows each year. The political science and journalism Fellows are selected in nationwide competitions. Political science applicants must have completed their doctorates within the last fifteen years or be near completion, and reporters must have a bachelor's degree and between two and ten years of professional experience in newspaper, magazine, television, or radio reporting. Criteria for selection are quality training, demonstrated competence, maturity and responsibility, relevance of fellowship experience to career goals, and potential for professional advancement.

While the political scientists and journalists remain the core of the program and are supported by the APSA through contributions from corporations and foundations, the majority of each year's class of Fellows participate in the program through affiliate arrangements, including:

- federal executives (Grades 13-16) supported by agency training funds;
- Asian Fellows supported by the Asia Foundation;
- *Health Policy Fellows*, including medical faculty, supported by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the W. K. Kellogg Foundation;
- anthropology faculty supported by the American Anthropological Association;
- West German Fellows supported by the German Marshall Fund and the John J. McCloy Fund of the American Council on Germany;
- Carl Albert Fellows supported by the Carl Albert Center at the University of Oklahoma; and
- a French Fellow supported by the Fondation Franco-Américaine in Paris.

Those who have funded political scientists and journalists include the Knight Foundation, the Mary Norris Preyer Fund, the New York Times Foundation and the Poynter Fund.

The Walter and Phyllis Shorestein Family has provided funding to endow a Fellowship in the name of their daughter, Joan Shorestein Barone. Joan was a well-known and highly respected producer for CBS News who died in